

Road to the Revolution Guided Notes

BIG IDEA: As a result of events of the 1760s and 1770s, Colonists began to feel as though they were not represented by King George III. This led to Revolution.

French/ Indian War

- Fighting over forts & ports
- War is expensive - puts Britain in debt
- King George III taxes colonists



Event/Issue	Significant Details/Outcome
Proclamation of 1763	Result of French/Indian war - Indians have a right to land
Stamp Act (1765)	- tax on anything w/ paper & print (newspaper, books, postcards) - repealed → Sons of Liberty
Declaratory Act (1765) (skittles)	- King George III - <u>Parliament</u> has full authority over legislation in colonies in England
Quartering Act (1765)	- Colonists have to house & feed British Soldiers → 3rd Amendment
Townshend Acts (1767) ↓ Boston Massacre Boston tea Party	- tax on tea, glass, paper ↳ boycotting

Sons of Liberty - Who were they? *Pro-independence*

- Mob of patriots ←
- Protest British Soldiers
 - Samuel Adams
 - ↳ Leader

Sam Adams →



Patrick Henry - Virginia House of Burgesses

What did he do?

"Give me liberty or give me death"



	Teacher Definition	Student Summary
Revolution	a forcible overthrow of a government or social order in favor of a new system	

	Teacher Definition	Student Summary
Boycott	withdraw from commercial or social relations with (a country, organization, or person) as a punishment or protest.	



	Teacher Definition	Student Summary
Repeal	To cancel or nullify a law or congressional act	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Protest - Unfair

NO TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION